

Hole No.: DNE-128	Depth: 321.00 m	Horizontal Length: 0.00 m	Project: 1710
Location Data:			
Property:	Selwyn Project	Claim Name:	NOD 41
Mining District:	Selwyn Basin	Grant Number:	YB49405
Province/Territory:	Yukon		
UTM Co-Ordinates & Altitude of Drill Hole Collar:			
UTM Easting:	479405.95 m	True Azimuth:	197.0 °
UTM Northing:	6933075.87 m	Hole Angle:	-73.0 °
Elevation (m):	1160.51 m	NTS Name:	No Title
		UTM Datum:	NAD 83
		UTM Grid Zone:	9
		NTS Number:	105I11
Grid Co-Ordinates of Drill Hole Collar:			
Grid Easting (m):	0.00 m	Grid Name:	HP 06
Grid Northing (m):	0.00 m	Grid Type:	100m
Grid Azimuth:	257.0 °		
Dimond Drilling Contract:			
Drilled By:	NL-01	Date Drilling Start:	04-Sep-14
		Date Finish:	08-Sep-14
Diamond Drill Core:			
Logged By:	C. MacKay-Stotesbury	Date Logging Start:	06-Sep-14
		Date Finish:	10-Sep-14
Legend for Core Logging Codes: PAX			
Core Size:	NQ3	Cemented:	No
Casing Depth:	42.00 m	Casing Pulled:	Yes
Water Depth:	0.00 m	Overburden Depth:	42.00 m
Level:			
Section:			
Drift:			

Selwyn Project

Diamond Drill Log

Survey Data for Hole

DNE-128

Hole Comments:

Fri, Sep 05 ---

DS: Completed DNE-127 down to total depth of 267m, tests on the way out. Pack up, move and setup on DNE-128 (859) Cased to 42m.

NS: Pull NW (casing) new shoe, install NQ3 and drill to 54m. Reaming blocky, broken ground. Hole is making water. Tub mudding in fast, pull NQ again for bit change. Hard to advance NQ. Used one pail of #1. Core has not arrived in camp yet.

=====

Sat, Sep 06 ---

DS: No major issues, pulled rods for bit change at 124m. Used 1/2 pail #1, 1/2 pail linseed soap. Drilled 51m down to

NS: Broken and blocky ground to 198m. Reaming to keep free. Used 1 pail #1, 1 pail linseed soap. Drilled 30m down to 204m. Currently in CCMS.

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Sun, Sep 07 ---

DS: No major issues, good drilling. Used 1 pail #1. Drilled 66m down to 270m.

NS: Broken blocky ground, bit change at 276m, used 1 pail linseed soap. Drilled 33m to 303m. Currently in CCMS.

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Mon, Sep 08 ---

DS: Drilled 18m down to 321m EOH in CCMS. Tear down and begin move to DNE-858. Plan change and begin packing up to assemble NL-04 for fly geotechnical rig.

NS: Worked part of shift assembling NL-04, slept the other portion to help dayshift with setup of waterline and geotech drilling.

<i>Depth</i>	<i>Dip</i>	<i>Azimuth</i>
0.00	-73.0	197.0
60.00	-72.5	197.9
102.00	-72.8	196.9
153.00	-72.3	199.3
200.00	-71.9	201.0
252.00	-71.5	201.7
300.00	-71.5	202.4
321.00	-71.0	202.8

Selwyn Project Diamond Drill Log

Hole Number:
DNE-128

Selwyn Chihong Mining Ltd.
#2701- 1055 West Georgia
Vancouver, British Columbia
Canada, V6E 0B6

From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
0.00	42.00	OVBR									
Actual bedrock/overburden contact likely shallower.											
42.00	54.00	USMS									
USMS – Upper Siliceous Mudstone											
Consists of interlaminated dark grey to black mudstone and light to medium grey chert. Regionally, a 1m thick graptolite zone occurs 15m below the top of the upper unit, this is usable as a horizon. The USMS is divided into 3 units. The Lower Unit contains abundant limestone concretions and Galena and sphalerite micro-concretions occur locally near the base of this unit. « gra , 1m chrt -20.00% », « cg xtl sph crns ca 5.00-20.00cm », « bed chrt 10.00-15.00% »,											
Well-broken/poor competency interval of typical USMS, replete with characteristic chaotic-planar and thick, wormy, quartz-calcite veins. No observable primary structures (pseudo-bedding, etc.) to measure.											
« 49.40- 54.00 FLT: broken-/damage-zone. »											
54.00	57.00	FLT	E6628601	54.00	55.50	1.50	0.09	0.56	11.90	18.00	0.15
FLT: Approximately 1.1m recovered of nearly 100% gouge and microfractured core fragments.			E6628602	55.50	57.00	1.50	0.02	0.05	5.60	1.25	0.33
57.00	73.60	ACTM	E6628603	57.00	58.50	1.50	2.07	7.69	4.10	221.00	0.27
ACTM – Active Member			E6628604	58.50	59.00	0.50	1.37	4.51	1.25	108.00	0.30
			E6628605	59.00	60.00	1.00	0.18	1.19	1.25	26.80	0.15
The ACTM consists of a repetitive, possibly rhythmic, sequence of intercalated carbonaceous mudstone, cherty mudstone, chert and limestone and locally contains economically significant Zn and Pb sulphides (see bold marked facies), mainly in its sections with well developed lamination. Because of its heterogeneity, the member is distinctive and easily identified.			E6628606	60.00	61.00	1.00	2.28	5.52	1.25	168.00	0.41
			E6628607	61.00	61.80	0.80	2.07	6.39	1.25	283.00	0.32
			E6628608	61.80	63.00	1.20	0.05	0.25	1.25	8.00	0.21
			E6628609	63.00	64.00	1.00	0.03	0.80	1.25	28.40	0.04
			E6628610	64.00	64.80	0.80	0.10	0.16	1.25	5.50	0.61
=====			E6628611	64.00	64.80	0.80	0.03	0.46	1.25	14.70	0.07
The ACTM has 8 different facies:			E6628612	64.80	65.20	0.40	0.03	0.01	1.25	1.25	2.13
=====			E6628613	65.20	66.20	1.00	2.19	6.03	3.60	201.00	0.36
			E6628614	66.20	66.80	0.60	0.74	3.07	1.25	78.80	0.24
			E6628615	66.80	67.50	0.70	1.31	7.19	1.25	155.00	0.18
- GREY CHERT FACIES: Consists of laminated medium light grey to medium dark			E6628616	67.50	68.20	0.70	1.42	8.19	2.80	186.00	0.17

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From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
<p>grey chert. Mineralization: 95-99% quartz and up to 5% secondary calcite.</p> <p>- <i>WHITISH GREY ZN-PB MUDSTONE FACIES: Is a laminated cherty rock containing up to 70% sulphides. Mineralization: quartz, sphalerite and galena are the major minerals with only minor amounts of pyrite and locally calcite. Sedimentary diagenetic structures are common and well displayed in the facies, such as: lamination, pseudo-beds, calcite nodules & limestone nodules and abundant water escape structures. Most obvious structure in facies is cross-cutting veins containing massive sphalerite and galena with minor pyrite. They range in width from 0.5 to 10mm.</i></p> <p>- <i>THIN BEDDED CHERTY MUDSTONE FACIES: Consists of rhythmic intercalated laminae of chert, carbonaceous mudstone and minor micrite. This facies contains significant amounts of Zn and Pb sulphides.</i></p> <p>- <i>CHERTY MUDSTONE FACIES: Consists of a greyish black monotonous siliceous, carbonaceous mudstone. It is most typically found overlying the thin bedded calcareous mudstone facies.</i></p> <p>- <i>THIN BEDDED CALCAREOUS MUDSTONE FACIES: Consists of laminated carbonaceous mudstone containing 20-40% calcite, 40-55% quartz and 10-20% muscovite. Sulphides occur in laminae. In the XY area it is usually the lowest facies in the section to contain laminated sulphides.</i></p> <p>- <i>CALCAREOUS MUDSTONE FACIES: Consists of grey to greyish black monotonous, calcareous siliceous carbonaceous mudstone. There are no feathery calcite beds or pyrite-calcite blebs in the facies, making it easily distinguishable from the CCMS.</i></p> <p>- <i>GRADED LIMESTONE FACIES: Is a laminated argillaceous limestone with intercalated carbonaceous limestone laminae. The main rock type in the facies is laminated limestone with laminae up to 0.1-7mm thick.</i></p>			E6628617	68.20	69.00	0.80	0.51	4.12	1.25	99.40	0.12
			E6628618	69.00	70.00	1.00	3.32	5.36	2.60	180.00	0.62
			E6628619	70.00	70.50	0.50	0.22	1.43	1.25	31.90	0.16
			E6628620	70.50	70.50	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.25	1.25	0.66
			E6628621	70.50	71.00	0.50	0.01	0.01	1.25	1.25	0.58
			E6628622	71.00	72.00	1.00	0.03	0.02	1.25	1.25	2.03
			E6628623	72.00	73.60	1.60	0.01	0.01	1.25	1.25	1.09

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From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
		<p>- <i>LIGHT GREY BASAL LIMESTONE FACIES - LGLS: Consists of laminated argillaceous limestone. In the Anniv area it marks the end of the ACTM. It's not always present in the stratigraphy.</i></p> <p>- <i>BASAL FACIES: This is a highly contorted and locally foliated carbonaceous mudstone. Unlike the other facies it is not repeated higher in the member. It appears locally to contain the slip zone of a major slump. The facies has only been observed in the YX area. It is 0.1-2m thick. The facies consists of massive carbonaceous siliceous mudstone with lenses and laminae of contorted, slightly carbonaceous chert.</i></p> <p><i>Relatively short interval of typically variable ACTM: variable in estimated grade, intensity and abundance of deformation structures, and in carbon- and calcite-content.</i></p> <p>« 57.00- 58.50 TRACE faulted rubble zone with some fragments of mineralised laminated mudstone. »</p> <p>« 58.50- 61.80 MODERATE GRADE laminated light-medium grey weakly calcareous mudstone. Abundant quartz-calcite occurs primarily in mm-scale sub-planar veins, with less common fracture-fill chunks, some with brecciated textures. Micro-laminae are very well-developed, high-contrast, and are variably planar to slightly wavy. Slumping is observed only in rare, local zones. Mineralised fluid escape structures are common, though their density (local abundance) varies widely throughout this range. Galena is observed occasionally, associated with fluid escape structures and rare stringers. Sphalerite is not readily apparent, nor is it evidenced by colour nor acid-reaction-odour. Moderately competent. »</p> <p>« 61.80- 65.20 BARREN-TRACE dark grey-black siliceous mudstone, locally weakly calcareous. Abundant chaotic, wormy, wispy, and/or feathery quartz-calcite veins. Texturally chaotic, common fine pyrite pseudo-beds are planar but nearly always cut, deformed, or otherwise interrupted. Veins show indicators for all manner of deformation, both brittle and ductile. Moderately</p>									

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		<p>competent; highly graphitic. »</p> <p>« 65.20- 66.20 MODERATE GRADE laminated dark grey-beige siliceous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite occurs primarily as wormy, wispy, mm-scale veins. Micro-laminae are very well developed and are commonly slumping and frequently cut by fluid escape structures. Beige coloured micro-laminae and HCL reaction suggest the presence of fine sphalerite. Galena is observed in cm-scale blebs and rare chunky stringers. Moderately competent; highly graphitic. »</p> <p>« 66.20- 68.20 MODERATE-HIGH GRADE laminated medium grey calcareous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are wormy and chaotic, observed over mm- to cm-scales. Very well developed micro-laminae are high contrast, commonly slumping, and cut by abundant mineralised fluid escape structures. Local intervals show almost brecciated textures of sub-rounded fragments of micro-laminated mudstones. Galena is observed often throughout the range: in fluid escape structures, stringers, and blebs. Sphalerite is not visually apparent, but is evidenced by odour associated with acid reaction. Highly competent; weakly graphitic. »</p> <p>« 68.20- 70.00 MODERATE GRADE laminated medium-dark grey weakly calcareous mudstone. Relatively rare quartz-calcite veins are wispy and chaotic. Well-developed micro-laminae are moderately slumping and cut by variably dense fluid escape structures which reach very high local densities. Sphalerite is evidenced only by acid reaction odour. Galena isn't commonly observed over the range; however, it is seen in several thick stringers locally over a 0.05 m length of core. Moderately competent; weakly graphitic. »</p> <p>« 70.00- 70.50 TRACE broken medium-dark grey calcareous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are wispy, wormy, and/or chaotic, mm-scale. Subtle laminae are difficult to discern due to the well-broken/poor-competency nature of this range. Moderately graphitic. »</p> <p>« 70.50- 73.60 BARREN-TRACE massive medium grey calcareous limestone. Common mm-scale quartz-calcite veins are planar or wispy and chaotic. Massive.</p>									

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From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
Moderately competent; weakly graphitic. »											
73.60	120.00	CCMS	E6628624	73.60	74.00	0.40	0.01	0.03	1.25	1.25	0.39
CCMS – Calcareous Mudstone			E6628625	74.00	75.00	1.00	0.00	0.07	1.25	3.50	0.05
			E6628626	75.00	76.00	1.00	0.00	0.27	2.70	16.90	0.01
Massive, calcareous, carbonaceous, dark grey mudstone. Most of the member is massive, but rare poorly defined bedding and pyrite-calcite micro-concretions are present. Most diagnostic structures are feathery calcite beds (=thin calcite-cemented concretions, many of them contain pyrite cores) and calcite pseudo-beds (= fibrous calcite vein parallel to bedding).											
« lm ca 5.00-10.00mm », « nodules py -3.00% 2.00-20.00mm »,											
Up to 81.0m is relatively atypical CCMS intercept due to the abundance of bedded/banded limestone concretions.											
« 81.00- 86.10 FLT: Abundant evidence of shearing and high (nearly 100%) gouge percentage core recovered. »											
« 86.10- 120.00 Originally logged as USMS: this section, as well as the fault that acts as its downhole contact, was originally interpreted as a feature within a thicker USMS interval. Several things resulted in changing away from this original interpretation, most importantly: creamy, aphanitic limestone is encountered at the top of this interval (immediately below the bounding fault) and is interpreted to be the “basal limestone” of the ACTM. The “delicious siliceous” wormy quartz-calcite veins encountered throughout this interval, typically interpreted as belonging to USMS, are seen again downhole in CCMS over the 176.0-EOH interval. Finally, the fault forming the downhole contact of this interval was recovered so sparingly (resulting in an assumption of high gouge percentage) that displacement back into USMS is entirely possible (this displacement was originally interpreted to occur over the fault forming the uphole boundary, from 81.0-86.1m). »											
« 86.10- 88.20 (Basal) limestone (concretion?). »											

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From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
< @ 91.50 S0 in wavy fine pyrite pseudo-bed 77° > < @ 114.40 S0 in thick fine pyrite pseudo-bed 67° >											
120.00	132.50	FLT									
FLT: Significant core loss. Some zones of gouge, class IV, and class II described in more detail in structural log.											
132.50	144.00	USMS	E6628627	141.00	142.00	1.00	0.01	0.11	1.25	3.30	0.06
USMS – Upper Siliceous Mudstone Consists of interlaminated dark grey to black mudstone and light to medium grey chert. Regionally, a 1m thick graptolite zone occurs 15m below the top of the upper unit, this is usable as a horizon. The USMS is divided into 3 units. The Lower Unit contains abundant limestone concretions and Galena and sphalerite micro-concretions occur locally near the base of this unit. « gra , lm chrt -20.00% », « cg xtl sph crns ca 5.00-20.00cm », « bed chrt 10.00-15.00% »,			E6628628	142.00	143.00	1.00	0.01	0.20	1.25	6.90	0.04
			E6628629	143.00	144.00	1.00	0.16	0.10	1.25	2.90	1.61
144.00	176.00	ACTM	E6628630	144.00	144.00	0.00	1.42	2.99	20.70	184.00	0.47
ACTM – Active Member The ACTM consists of a repetitive, possibly rhythmic, sequence of intercalated carbonaceous mudstone, cherty mudstone, chert and limestone and locally contains economically significant Zn and Pb sulphides (see bold marked facies), mainly in its sections with well developed lamination. Because of its heterogeneity, the member is distinctive and easily identified. ===== The ACTM has 8 different facies: ===== - GREY CHERT FACIES: Consists of laminated medium light grey to medium dark grey chert. Mineralization: 95-99% quartz and up to 5% secondary calcite. - WHITISH GREY ZN-PB MUDSTONE FACIES: Is a laminated cherty rock containing			E6628631	144.00	145.00	1.00	0.03	2.19	1.25	39.50	0.01
			E6628632	145.00	146.00	1.00	0.01	0.33	1.25	11.70	0.03
			E6628633	146.00	147.00	1.00	0.22	0.20	1.25	6.40	1.14
			E6628634	147.00	148.10	1.10	0.04	0.43	1.25	17.20	0.08
			E6628635	148.10	149.00	0.90	1.07	8.68	1.25	274.00	0.12
			E6628636	149.00	150.00	1.00	2.94	6.46	1.25	219.00	0.46
			E6628637	150.00	150.70	0.70	2.10	12.30	1.25	372.00	0.17
			E6628638	150.70	151.50	0.80	1.50	0.79	1.25	19.60	1.89
			E6628639	151.50	152.00	0.50	1.60	4.12	1.25	99.10	0.39
			E6628640	152.00	153.00	1.00	0.43	1.88	1.25	43.90	0.23
			E6628641	152.00	153.00	1.00	0.48	2.18	1.25	52.40	0.22
			E6628642	153.00	153.80	0.80	0.29	2.21	1.25	51.40	0.13
			E6628643	153.80	154.50	0.70	0.02	0.02	1.25	1.25	1.31
			E6628644	154.50	154.90	0.40	0.04	0.35	1.25	11.60	0.12
			E6628645	154.90	156.00	1.10	2.45	9.12	3.40	281.00	0.27
			E6628646	156.00	156.70	0.70	0.12	0.23	1.25	6.60	0.52

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From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
		<p><i>present in the stratigraphy.</i></p> <p>- <i>BASAL FACIES: This is a highly contorted and locally foliated carbonaceous mudstone. Unlike the other facies it is not repeated higher in the member. It appears locally to contain the slip zone of a major slump. The facies has only been observed in the YX area. It is 0.1-2m thick. The facies consists of massive carbonaceous siliceous mudstone with lenses and laminae of contorted, slightly carbonaceous chert.</i></p> <p><i>Typically variable ACTM intercept.</i></p> <p>« 144.00- 147.00 TRACE broken dark grey siliceous mudstone. Well broken. Rare fragments of mineralised micro-laminated mudstone amongst more typical USMS. Moderately graphitic. »</p> <p>« 147.00- 148.10 LOW GRADE broken dark grey siliceous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are wormy, wispy, mm-scale. Well broken. Intact pieces have rare, subtle micro-laminae. XRF indicates low grade mineralisation. Well-broken/poor-competency; moderately graphitic. »</p> <p>« 148.10- 150.70 MODERATE GRADE laminated medium grey siliceous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are predominantly laminae-parallel, slightly wormy, and mm- to cm-scale. Well developed micro-laminae are high contrast, rarely slumping, and commonly cut by mineralised fluid escape structures. Common stringers of galena and galena-mineralised fluid escape structures. Rare sphalerite blebs. Highly competent; weakly graphitic. »</p> <p>« 150.70- 151.50 LOW GRADE bedded light-medium grey calcareous limestone. Abundant quartz-calcite is observed in a myriad of textures: chaotic veins, brecciated clumps, feathery blocks, etc. Texturally, bedded limestone is cut up by assorted veins and breccia. Surprising amount of galena mineralisation, predominantly in stringers. Highly competent. »</p> <p>« 151.50- 153.80 LOW-MODERATE GRADE laminated medium-dark grey weakly calcareous mudstone. Common wormy, wispy, and/or chaotic quartz-calcite veins</p>									

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		<p><i>with variable density, locally verging on brecciated textures. Micro-laminae are relatively subtle, low-contrast. Slumping and fluid escape structures are rare. Very rare visible galena stringers. Moderately competent; weakly graphitic. »</i></p> <p>« 153.80- 154.90 <i>BARREN-TRACE massive dark grey siliceous mudstone with 0.2m radiating limestone concretion. Occasional quartz-calcite veins are wormy, slightly wispy, mm-scale and appear to be fabric-parallel. Texturally very similar to the more massive intervals of USMS: occasional subtle pseudo-beds and/or cherty bands punctuating otherwise monotonous black mudstone. No mineralisation observed. Moderately competent; mudstone is highly graphitic. »</i></p> <p>« 154.90- 156.00 <i>MODERATE GRADE laminated medium grey-beige calcareous mudstone. Quartz-calcite veins are rare, wormy, cm-scale. Very well developed micro-laminae are predominantly planar with some slumping and fluid escape structures. Micro-laminae are well-mineralised, though low density of fluid escape structures takes away from typically visible galena. Galena is commonly visible in small blebs, sphalerite very rarely. Highly competent. »</i></p> <p>« 156.00- 156.70 <i>TRACE-LOW GRADE light-medium grey calcareous limestone. Common quartz-calcite veins are chaotic, wormy, wispy, and/or feathery, and are mm- to cm-scale. Texturally, limestone is quite massive (discounting veins): individual grains are easily distinguishable by the naked eye, any bedding or banding is too subtle to pick up. Galena is observed in rare, chaotic stringers associated with veining. Highly competent. »</i></p> <p>« 156.70- 158.00 <i>LOW-MODERATE GRADE mixed light-medium grey calcareous limestone and laminated mudstone. Abundant chaotic, anastomosing quartz-calcite veins are predominantly mm-scale; some thicker cm-scale wormy, wispy veins are also observed. Texturally, this range is a mixed bag: trace mineralised limestone is blended with low-moderate grade micro-laminated mudstone. Within the mudstone, micro-laminae are well developed and cut by abundant fluid escape structures, common slumping. Common galena is observed in wormy, chaotic stringers and mineralised fluid escape structures. Highly</i></p>									

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Canada, V6E 0B6

From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
		<p>competent. »</p> <p>« 158.00- 159.20 LOW-MODERATE GRADE laminated medium-dark grey weakly calcareous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are wispy, wormy, cm- to mm-scale. Subtle micro-laminae are commonly slumping and only rarely cut by fluid escape structures. Appearance of laminae changes with depth: laminae near the top of this range appear almost barren, with increasing depth they become more and more beige - suggesting fine sphalerite - and are increasingly cut by galena stringers. Moderately competent; moderately graphitic. »</p> <p>« 159.20- 161.10 LOW GRADE light-medium grey calcareous limestone with some laminated mudstone. "Common" quartz-calcite veins are mostly rare, though locally observed in high density, brecciated textures. Texturally, the range includes locally massive limestone, healed clast-supported breccias, and large (several-cm) micro-laminated mudstone fragments. Galena is observed in stringers and blebs. Highly competent. »</p> <p>« 161.10- 168.00 TRACE-LOW GRADE mixed light-medium grey calcareous limestone and laminated dark grey calcareous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are chaotic, wispy, wormy, mm- to cm-scale. Texture alternates between more massive limestone with occasional subtle micro-laminae and more typical mineralised micro-laminated mudstone with common slumping and occasional fluid escape structures. Mineralisation decreases gradually downhole as barren mudstone is observed in increasing amounts and the limestone loses the trace mineralisation observed in it near the top of the range. Moderately competent, locally well broken; moderately graphitic overall. »</p> <p>« 168.00- 176.00 BARREN mixed light grey calcareous limestone and dark grey siliceous and calcareous mudstone. Common quartz-calcite veins are predominantly mm-scale, wormy. Limestone occurs in two different species: one (more common) species consists of medium-grain bedded/banded spheroid concretions (several-cm diameter). The other species is interpreted to be basal limestone: it is aphanitic and has a "creamy" colour and texture, observed in increasing amounts towards the bottom of the range feature. Micro-laminae are observed occasionally in the mudstone; however, they are</p>									

Selwyn Project Diamond Drill Log

Hole Number:
DNE-128

Selwyn Chihong Mining Ltd.
#2701- 1055 West Georgia
Vancouver, British Columbia
Canada, V6E 0B6

From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
subtle in appearance and no galena/sphalerite mineralisation is evident. Moderately competent; moderately graphitic. »											
176.00	321.00	CCMS	E6628670	176.00	177.00	1.00	0.01	0.00	1.25	1.25	1.71
CCMS – Calcareous Mudstone			E6628671	176.00	177.00	1.00	0.01	0.00	1.25	1.25	3.30
			E6628672	177.00	178.00	1.00	0.01	0.00	2.60	1.25	1.85
Massive, calcareous, carbonaceous, dark grey mudstone. Most of the member is massive, but rare poorly defined bedding and pyrite-calcite micro-concretions are present. Most diagnostic structures are feathery calcite beds (=thin calcite-cemented concretions, many of them contain pyrite cores) and calcite pseudo-beds (= fibrous calcite vein parallel to bedding).											
« lm ca 5.00-10.00mm », « nodules py -3.00% 2.00-20.00mm »,											
Relatively typical CCMS for the most part; however, higher than normal densities of “delicious siliceous” wormy quartz-calcite veining is worth noting - particularly as it helped in interpreting the 73.6-81.0m interval as CCMS.											
‹ @ 183.50 S0 in fine pyrite pseudo-bed 78° ›											
‹ @ 199.30 S0 in fine pyrite pseudo-bed 81° ›											
‹ @ 207.60 S0 in fine pyrite pseudo-bed 80° ›											
‹ @ 225.10 S0 in fine pyrite pseudo-bed 82° ›											
‹ @ 246.80 S0 in fine pyrite pseudo-bed 70° ›											
‹ @ 255.50 S0 in fine pyrite pseudo-bed 70° ›											
-- -- End of Cam logging - KP takes over here: -- --											
« 275.70- 277.00 FLT: Class 1/3, graphite slicks alpha=34, gamma=76, no cohesion, minor healed breccia, no gouge. »											
« 288.80- 293.31 FLT: Class 2, calcite and quartz healed breccia, graphite fracture surface at 24 degrees TCA +/- trace gouge up to 1 cm thick, no cohesion, uneven wavy graphite surfaces. »											
‹ @ 293.80 Sn in wavy grey chert and pyrite bands, calcite fracture fill 68° ›											
›											
‹ @ 297.10 Sn in planar grey chert and pyrite bands, calcite fracture fill 75° ›											

Selwyn Project Diamond Drill Log

Hole Number:
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Selwyn Chihong Mining Ltd.
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Vancouver, British Columbia
Canada, V6E 0B6

From (m)	To (m)	Rocktype & Description	Sample ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Pb (%)	Zn (%)	Ag (ppm)	Cd (ppm)	Pb% / Zn%
» « 299.20- 305.00 FLT: Class 2, high cohesion, sporadic vein breccias/quartz-calcite healed breccias, high cohesive strength, no gouge, no consistent vein or fragment orientation. » ‹ @ 319.90 Sn in planar grey chert and pyrite bands, calcite fracture fill 79° ›											
321.00	321.00	EOH									